## **COMP 333 Summer 2021**

## **Functions and Higher-Order Functions in Swift**

1.a.) Define a function named $\verb"add"$ which takes the Int parameters $\verb"a"$ and $\verb"b"$ and adds them together, returning the result of the addition. The caller of $\verb"add"$ should need to provide the labels $\verb"a"$ and $\verb"b"$ .
1.b.) Call add with parameters 2 and 3 (hint: this won't be the same as Java).
2.a.) Define a function named sub which takes two Int parameters, subtracts the second from the first, and returns the result of the subtraction. The caller of sub should <b>not</b> need to provide any labels.
2.b.) Call sub with parameters 4 and 5. (hint, this will be the same as Java).

3.a.) Define a function named callsFunc which calls a passed function with a given parameter, returning the result of the call. callMe should have the following signature:

```
func callsFunc(f: (Int) -> Int, i: Int) -> Int
```

- 3.b.) Call callsFunc with the following parameters:
- A higher-order function that adds 1 to its parameter and returns the result
- The integer 5

4.) Define a function indirectIf which takes a Bool and two functions. If the Bool is true, it calls the first function, returning its result. If the Bool is false, it calls the second function, returning its result. Example calls are shown below (you should be able to determine indirectIf's signature from these):

```
// returns 2
indirectIf(true, ifTrue: { 1 + 1 }, ifFalse: { 2 + 2 })

// returns 8
indirectIf(false, ifTrue: { 3+3 }, ifFalse: { 4 + 4 })
```