

COMP 410: Logic Programming

Fall 2023

Instructor: Kyle Dewey (kyle.dewey@csun.edu)

Course Web Page: <https://kyledewey.github.io/comp410-fall23>

Office: JD 4419

Course Description (from the catalog)

Programming techniques in the logic programming language Prolog. Prenex conjunctive normal form and grammatical algorithms. Tableaux, sequenzen, resolution and other semi-decision procedures. Closures of relations, fixed point theory, control mechanisms, relationship to functional programming.

Learning Objectives

Successful students will be able to:

- Recognize problems which are well-suited to the logic programming paradigm
- Write Prolog and Mercury programs which manipulate lists, solve NP-complete problem instances, automatically generate software tests, and interpret other Prolog programs
- Understand the connection between formal logic and logic programming, and the theoretical underpinnings of logic programming

Course Background, Emphasis, and Design

Logic programming, while often understated, is a major programming paradigm. In my opinion, logic programming is well-suited to problems with one or more of the following properties:

- There are many distinct answers of interest
- Solving the problem requires trying different approaches and seeing which works
- Answers can be described easily, but it's difficult to formulate how to arrive at an answer

This course emphasizes the use of logic programming to solve problems, along with programming techniques which are unique to the logic programming paradigm. To this end, there will be a multitude of programming assignments, most of which require you to write code. This code will be written in either Prolog or Mercury, both of which are reputable logic programming languages.

Will you ever use Prolog ever again? Honestly, probably not. However, my goal isn't to teach Prolog, but rather the ideas behind Prolog. Logic programming techniques can be implemented in more mainstream, non-logical languages; it's merely inconvenient opposed to impossible (similarly, object-oriented programming can be done in C, even though C predates object-oriented programming).

Textbook and Other Required Class Materials

No textbook is required. However, there are several sources which may be helpful:

- Learn Prolog Now! (<http://www.learnprolognow.org/lpnpag.php?pageid=online>); free online textbook that goes over the basics of Prolog
- The Art of Prolog (<https://mitpress.mit.edu/books/art-prolog>); very complete book on Prolog and logic programming which covers both basic and advanced topics; I have a copy if you'd like to peruse it
- The Craft of Prolog (<https://mitpress.mit.edu/books/craft-prolog>); discusses advanced topics in Prolog, including logic programming design patterns; I have a copy if you'd like to peruse it
- The Practice of Prolog (<https://mitpress.mit.edu/books/practice-prolog>); discusses real-world Prolog applications; I have a copy if you'd like to peruse it
- Logic, Programming, and Prolog (<https://www.ida.liu.se/~ulfni53/lpp/bok/bok.pdf>); free online textbook that focuses on the theoretical underpinnings of Prolog

Additionally, a computer, be it a laptop or otherwise, is required.

Grading

Your grade is based on the following components:

Assignments	30%
Midterm Exam 1	15%
Midterm Exam 2	25%
Final Exam	30%

Not all assignments will be weighted evenly, nor will you always be given the same amount of time for assignments. Exactly which assignments are assigned depends on how the class progresses. In general, assignments will be submitted through Canvas (<https://canvas.csun.edu/>). In the event that there is a problem with Canvas, you may email your assignment to me (kyle.dewey@csun.edu), though this should be considered a last resort.

Plus/minus grading is used, according to the scale below:

If your score is >=...	...you will receive...
92.5	A
89.5	A-
86.5	B+
82.5	B
79.5	B-
76.5	C+

If your score is >=...	...you will receive...
72.5	C
69.5	C-
66.5	D+
62.5	D
59.5	D-
0	F

If you are not present for the final exam and you have not previously made alternative arrangements with me for the final exam, a grade of WU (unauthorized withdrawal) will be assigned.

Collaboration for Assignments

While collaboration is allowed on lab assignments, you are responsible for all of your own work. You may **not** take code from online sources and submit it as your own. If you must take code from online, cite where you took the code from. Worst-case scenario, you'll receive a 0 for whatever you took, but no further action will be taken. In general, code taken online which solves more general things (e.g., "how do I iterate through an array in Java") is more acceptable than code which solves more specific things (e.g., "how do I implement a recursive find function over immutable linked lists in Swift"). General bits of code only give you pieces of a solution, whereas specific bits of code often will give you a complete copy/pastable solution. If it's not 100% clear if something is permitted to be used or not, you can always ask me beforehand.

Plagiarism and Academic Honesty

While collaboration is allowed on assignments, you are responsible for all of your own work. You may **not** take code from online sources and submit it as your own. If you must take code from online, cite where you took the code from. Worst-case scenario, you'll receive a 0 for whatever you took, but no further action will be taken. In general, code taken online which solves more general things (e.g., "how do I iterate through an array in Java") is more acceptable than code which solves more specific things (e.g., "how do I implement a recursive find function over immutable linked lists in Swift"). General bits of code only give you pieces of a solution, whereas specific bits of code often will give you a complete copy/pastable solution. If it's not 100% clear if something is permitted to be used or not, you can always ask me beforehand.

Chegg is specifically disallowed as an online resource, as it's almost always used as a repository of complete questions with answers. That is, the questions/answers are practically always of the specific kind mentioned above, with zero learning whatsoever.

No discussion is allowed during exams, except with the instructor. Any violations can result in a failing grade for the assignment/exam, or potentially failing the course for egregious cases. A report will also be made to the Dean of Academic Affairs. Students who repeatedly violate this policy across multiple courses may be suspended or even expelled.

Attendance

In the first week of class, I will take attendance. If you miss both sessions in the first week and have not made alternative arrangements with me, you must drop the class, as per University policy (<http://catalog.csun.edu/policies/attendance-class-attendance/>). After the first week I will not take attendance, though you are strongly encouraged to attend.

Communication

In general, any questions should be made through Canvas. You can also email me, though I'm usually much faster to respond to Canvas than my general email.

Late Policy / Exam Scheduling

Late assignments will be accepted without penalty if prior arrangements have been made or there is some sort of legitimate emergency (at my discretion). If you must be absent from an exam, contact me ASAP to see if alternative accommodations can be made.

If an assignment is otherwise submitted late, it will be penalized according to the following scale:

If your assignment is late by <= this many days...	...it will be deducted by...
1	10%
2	30%
3	60%
4+	100%

To be clear, assignments which are submitted four or more days beyond the deadline will not receive credit. The reason for such a harsh late policy is that we will generally discuss solutions in class shortly after the deadline, and this late policy discourages people from simply pulling a solution from an in-class discussion.

Class Feedback

I am open to any questions / comments / concerns / complaints you have about the class. If there is something relevant you want covered, I can push to make this happen. I operate off of your feedback, and no feedback tells me "everything is ok".

Class Schedule and List of Topics (Subject to Change)

Week	Monday	Wednesday
1	8/28: Introduction, motivation, abstract syntax trees	8/30: abstract syntax trees, SAT, semantic tableau
2	9/4: Labor day (no class)	9/6: SAT, semantic tableau
3	9/11: SAT, semantic tableau	9/13: Introduction to Prolog, nondeterminism, backtracking, recursion
4	9/18: nondeterminism, backtracking, recursion	9/20: Recursion, structures, unification
5	9/25: Recursion, structures, unification	9/27: Recursion, structures, unification
6	10/2: Lists, recursion with lists	10/4: Lists, recursion with lists
7	10/9: Lists, recursion with lists, midterm exam 1 review	10/11: Midterm Exam 1
8	10/16: Midterm exam 1 retrospective, generating tests	10/18: Generating tests
9	10/23: Generating tests	10/25: Generating tests, optimizing Prolog code
10	10/30: Prolog-based interpreters	11/1: Prolog-based interpreters, metainterpreters
11	11/6: Metainterpreters, Prolog control structures	11/8: Metainterpreters, Prolog control structures
12	11/13: metainterpreters, midterm exam 2 review	11/15: Midterm Exam 2
13	11/20: Midterm exam 2 retrospective, nondeterminism in non-logical languages	11/22: nondeterminism in non-logical languages
14	11/27: nondeterminism in non-logical languages, unification in non-logical languages	11/29: unification in non-logical languages

Week	Monday	Wednesday
15	12/4: logic programming in non-logical languages	12/6: logic programming in non-logical languages
16	12/11: Final exam review	12/13: Final exam (3-5 PM in JD 3510)