

Language Design Proposal: pOOP

Student Name(s): Kyle Dewey

Language Name: pOOP

Compiler Implementation Language and Reasoning: Java. I'm already familiar with it, and I'm not planning to get into optimizations. Learning a new language is an unnecessary risk.

Target Language: C

Language Description: (Pathetic) object-oriented programming. The goal is for me to better understand how object-oriented programming languages work. I want to implement a Java-like language with classes and subclasses. I'm intentionally picking C because it is pretty low-level, but it's not so low-level that it will require me to spend a lot of time understanding the target language.

Key Features: Objects + methods with class-based inheritance, subtyping, access modifier checking, runtime checking for casts, checking if a variable is initialized before use, checking if void is used as a value, checking that a function returning non-void always returns.

Planned Restrictions: there is no way to reclaim allocated memory (either automatically or manually), and no optimizations.

Suggested Scoring and Justification:

- **Lexer:** 2%. Only support for reserved words, identifiers, and integers. No comments.
- **Parser:** 5%. Uses S-expressions.
- **Typechecker:** 33%. Handles subtyping, access modifiers, and method overloading, checking if a variable is initialized before use, checking if void is used as a value, checking that a function returning non-void always returns.
- **Code Generator:** 40%. Has to handle inheritance, runtime casts, virtual tables (for method calls).

Syntax:

`var` is a variable

`classname` is the name of a class

`methodname` is the name of a method

`str` is a string

`i` is an integer

`type ::= `Int` | `Boolean` | `Void` | Built-in types`

`classname` **class type; includes Object and String**

```

op ::= `+` | `-` | `*` | `/` Arithmetic operations
exp ::= var | str | i | Variables, strings, and integers are expressions
    `this` | Refers to my instance
    `( `println` exp `)` | Prints something to the terminal
    `( `op` exp exp `)` | Arithmetic operations
    `( `call` exp methodname exp* `)` | Calls a method
    `( `new` classname exp* `)` | Creates a new object
    `( `cast` type exp `)` | Casts an expression as a type
vardec ::= `( `vardec` type var `)` Variable declaration
stmt ::= vardec | Variable declaration
    `( `=` var exp `)` | Assignment
    `( `while` exp stmt* `)` | while loops
    `break` | break
    `( `if` exp stmt [stmt] `)` | if with optional else
    `( `return` [exp] `)` | return, possibly void
access ::= public | private | protected
methoddef ::= `( `method` access type methodname
    `( `vardec* `)` stmt* `)`
instancedec ::= `( `vardec` access type var `)`
constructor ::= `( `init` `( `vardec* `)`
    [ `( `super` exp* `)]
    stmt* `)`
classdef ::= `( `class` classname [classname]
    `( `instancedec* `)`
    constructor
    methoddef* `)`
program ::= classdef* stmt+ stmt+ is the entry point

```